



Amorini

JOINERY COMPONENTS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

MDF Fibreboard — Essence Range and Orleans Range

Revision date	Version	Language
5 May 2025	01 (Australian adaptation)	English (Australia)

This Safety Data Sheet is prepared in accordance with the Globally Harmonized System (GHS) as adopted under Australian model Work Health and Safety (WHS) laws. Hazard, composition, and toxicological data in this SDS are supplied by the manufacturer and are reproduced unaltered; Sections 8, 14, and 15 have been adapted to reference the applicable Australian standards.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Form: Article

Product Name: Medium Density Fibreboard

Additional Name: Medium Density Bright (MBR) / Medium Density Moisture Resistant (MR) / Medium Density Pine (MPN)

Amorini Product Ranges: Essence Range (Sarsen, Oscuro decors); Orleans Range (Light Oak, Mountain Walnut, Harvest Oak, Columbian Walnut, Natural Black decors)

Product Description: A panel product manufactured from wood materials, with the addition of synthetic adhesives, under heat and high pressure. Panel thickness: 18 mm. Formaldehyde emission: E0; E1; E2; CARB P2.

1.2 Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Building materials – decorative, furniture, general construction.



1.3 Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Parties

Manufacturer	VRG Dongwha MDF Joint Stock Company Lot G, Minh Hung III Industrial Park, Minh Hung Ward, Chon Thanh Town, Binh Phuoc Province, Viet Nam Tel: +84 271 364 5500
Australian Distributor	Amorini Australia Pty Ltd — ABN 55 109 941 755 28 Starr Avenue, North Plympton SA 5037 Contact: Mitch Bosley — mitchell.b@amorini.com.au

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number (Australia): Poisons Information Centre — 13 11 26 (24 hours, Australia-wide)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture

This is a wood product composed of wood and cured resin. The hazard information denoted in this SDS applies only when the product is altered downstream by cutting, sawing, sanding, heating or other means and significant dust or fume is generated. In its shipped and finished form, this product is not considered hazardous.

GHS Classification as delivered: Not classified

Classification for physical alteration resulting in dust or fume:

Hazard Class	H-Statement
Eye Irrit. 2A	H319
Resp. Sens. 1	H334
Skin Sens. 1	H317
Carc. 1A	H350
STOT SE 3	H335
STOT RE 1	H372
Comb. Dust	—

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see Section 16.

2.2 Label Elements

Classification as delivered: Not classified

Hazard Pictograms (GHS): GHS07 (exclamation mark), GHS08 (health hazard)

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:

- May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
- H317 – May cause an allergic skin reaction.



- H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.
- H334 – May cause an allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H335 – May cause respiratory irritation.
- H350 – May cause cancer (Inhalation).
- H372 – Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

Precautionary Statements:

- P201 – Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 – Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P260 – Do not breathe dust, fume.
- P264 – Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
- P270 – Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 – Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P272 – Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P280 – Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P284 – [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.
- P302+P352 – If on skin: wash with plenty of water.
- P304+P340 – If inhaled: remove the person to fresh air and keep at rest in a comfortable position for breathing.
- P304+P341 – If inhaled and breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P305+P351+P338 – If in eyes: rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P308+P313 – If exposed or concerned: get medical advice/attention.
- P312 – Call a poison centre or doctor if you feel unwell.
- P314 – Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- P321 – Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid on this label).
- P333+P313 – If skin irritation or rash occurs: get medical advice/attention.
- P337+P313 – If eye irritation persists: get medical advice/attention.
- P342+P311 – If experiencing respiratory symptoms: call a poison centre or doctor.
- P363 – Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.
- P403+P233 – Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep the container tightly closed.
- P405 – Store locked up.
- P501 – Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Supplemental Information: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Prevent dust accumulation (to minimise explosion hazard). Avoid generating dust.

2.3 Other Hazards

This product contains less than 0.01% free formaldehyde. Residual formaldehyde gas emissions may be released from this product (see Section 15, Regulatory). Formaldehyde gas is irritating to the eyes and upper respiratory tract and may aggravate existing respiratory conditions or allergies. Formaldehyde may cause cancer.



2.4 Unknown Acute Toxicity

No data available.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance

Not applicable.

3.2 Mixture

Name	Synonyms	CAS No.	Ratio %
Wood Fibre, all soft and hard woods	Wood dust / Wood dust, hard and soft. Acacia wood dust / Pine wood fibre dust / Rubber wood fibre dust	Not applicable	75–85
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde	Formaldehyde copolymer with urea / Urea-formaldehyde resin / Urea-formaldehyde condensate / Urea-formaldehyde polycondensate	9011-05-6	5–12
Urea	Carbamide / Carbonyl diamide / Carbonic acid diamide	57-13-6	0.15–3
Melamine	Cyanurotriamide / cyanuramide / C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ / 2,4,6-triamino-1,3,5-triazine	108-78-1	0–2
Paraffin Wax	Petroleum Paraffin Emulsion	8002-74-2	<1
Formaldehyde	Formalin / Formic aldehyde / Methanal / Methaldehyde	50-00-0	<0.01
Water	H ₂ O	7732-18-5	5–8

Full text of H-phrases: see Section 16.

* This is a wood product composed of wood and cured resin. The hazard information applies only when the product is altered downstream by cutting, sawing, sanding, heating or other means and significant dust or fume is generated. In its shipped and finished form, this product is not considered hazardous. Residual formaldehyde gas may be released from this product; the amount and level will depend on local conditions of use.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First-Aid Measures

General: The health effects listed below are not likely to occur unless dust or fumes are generated by processing.

After Inhalation: Using proper respiratory protection, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Encourage them to cough, spit out, and blow their nose to remove dust. Immediately call a poison centre, physician, or emergency medical service.

After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Brush off loose particles from skin. Wash affected area with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation/rash develops or persists.



After Eye Contact: Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Processing this material may release dust or fumes that are hazardous.

After Inhalation: For particulates and dust: irritation of the respiratory tract and other mucous membranes. Exposure may produce cough, mucous secretions, shortness of breath, chest tightness or other symptoms indicative of an allergic/sensitisation reaction.

After Skin Contact: Direct contact may cause irritation by mechanical abrasion. For particulates and dust: may cause an allergic skin reaction.

After Eye Contact: Contact may cause irritation due to mechanical abrasion. For particulates and dust: contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Prolonged inhalation of wood dust is known to cause cancer of the respiratory system and lung disease. Repeated or prolonged exposure to titanium dioxide dust via inhalation is suspected of causing cancer of the respiratory tract. Carbon black is classified under the IARC as 2B, “possibly carcinogenic to humans” and under ACGIH as A3 “confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans”.

4.3 Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have the product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Foam. Water spray, fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: For particulates and dust: do not use a heavy water stream. Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

5.2 Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but will burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product itself is not explosive but if dust is generated, dust clouds suspended in air can be explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3 Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures: Exercise caution when fighting any fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Avoid raising dust. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.



Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Nitrogen oxides. Formaldehyde.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid generating dust. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Non-Emergency Personnel: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

Emergency Personnel: Equip clean-up crew with proper protection. A first responder is expected to recognise the presence of dangerous goods, protect themselves and the public, secure the area, and call for assistance from trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate the area.

6.2 Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waterways.

6.3 Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Containment: Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Clean-Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Use only non-sparking tools. Take up mechanically (sweeping, shovelling) and collect in a suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust into the air (do not use compressed air to clear dust). Vacuum clean-up is preferred; if sweeping is required, use a dust suppressant. Use an explosion-proof vacuum during clean-up, with appropriate filter. Do not mix with other materials. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4 Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection, and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Accumulation and dispersion of dust with an ignition source can cause a combustible dust explosion. Keep dust levels to a minimum and follow applicable regulations.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Avoid creating or spreading dust. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe dust. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.



7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Avoid creating or spreading dust. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool place. Keep away from extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up in a secure area.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidisers.

7.3 Specific End Use(s)

Building materials – decorative, furniture, general construction.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters – Australian Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

Under the Australian model Work Health and Safety Regulations, a PCBU must ensure no person at the workplace is exposed to an airborne contaminant above its Workplace Exposure Standard (WES), as published by Safe Work Australia. Values below are the current WES, in force until the Workplace Exposure Limits list takes effect on 1 December 2026, at which point several of these values will tighten (see note below).

Substance	Standard	Value
Wood dust (mixed hard/softwood)	Safe Work Australia WES – TWA	1 mg/m ³ (inhalable) – hardwood value applied where any hardwood is present in the mix
Wood dust (softwood only)	Safe Work Australia WES – TWA / STEL	5 mg/m ³ TWA / 10 mg/m ³ STEL
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	Safe Work Australia WES – TWA	1 ppm (1.2 mg/m ³)
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	Safe Work Australia WES – STEL	2 ppm (2.5 mg/m ³)
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	Carcinogen classification	Category 1B – presumed to have carcinogenic potential for humans (GHS)
Urea, melamine, paraffin wax	No substance-specific WES established	General (nuisance) dust WES of 10 mg/m ³ (inhalable) applies where relevant

Note: The softwood dust WES will reduce to 2 mg/m³ TWA under the confirmed Workplace Exposure Limits (WEL) list, effective 1 December 2026. A lower formaldehyde limit (0.3 ppm TWA / 0.6 ppm STEL) has been proposed by Safe Work Australia, but as of June 2026 a majority of state and territory governments placed this change on hold pending further review; no confirmed implementation date currently exists. The formaldehyde WES in the table above (1 ppm TWA / 2 ppm STEL) remains the current, applicable limit. Review this section against Safe Work Australia's published position closer to any relevant compliance date.

8.2 Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Applies where the product is cut, sanded, or altered such that significant particulates/dust may be generated: provide emergency eyewash and safety showers near



potential exposure points; ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas; follow proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity; use explosion-proof equipment; use local exhaust or general dilution ventilation to keep dust below exposure limits; equip power tools with dust collection; local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems should include explosion relief venting or suppression.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles or glasses. Where ventilation is insufficient, wear respiratory protection.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye and Face Protection: Goggles or safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, wear approved respiratory protection. Also wear approved respiratory protection where ventilation is inadequate, the atmosphere may be oxygen-deficient, or exposure levels are unknown.

Other Information: Do not eat, drink, or smoke while using this product.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Property	Value
Physical State	Solid
Appearance	A fibreboard panel product manufactured from wood fibres bonded with resin. Colour varies by product.
Odour	No distinctive odour
Odour Threshold	No data available
pH	No data available
Evaporation Rate	No data available
Melting Point	No data available
Freezing Point	No data available
Boiling Point	No data available
Flash Point	No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Lower Flammable Limit	No data available
Upper Flammable Limit	No data available
Vapour Pressure	No data available
Relative Vapour Density at 20°C	No data available



Property	Value
Relative Density	No data available
Solubility	Insoluble in water
Partition Coefficient: n-Octanol/Water	No data available
Viscosity	No data available

9.2 Other Information

No additional information available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid: Dust accumulation (to minimise explosion hazard). Sparks, heat, open flame and other ignition sources. Extremely high or low temperatures. Incompatible materials.

10.5 Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidisers.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products will not be produced. Thermal decomposition may produce carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), formaldehyde, and nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

Likely Routes of Exposure: Dermal; eye contact; inhalation.

Acute Toxicity (Oral / Dermal / Inhalation): Not classified.

Substance	Endpoint	Value
Urea (57-13-6)	LD50 Oral Rat	8,471 mg/kg
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	LD50 Oral Rat	100 mg/kg
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	LD50 Dermal Rat	270 mg/kg
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	LC50 Inhalation Rat	<463 ppm / 4h
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde (9011-05-6)	LD50 Oral Rat	8,394 mg/kg
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde (9011-05-6)	LD50 Dermal Rat	>2,100 mg/kg
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde (9011-05-6)	LC50 Inhalation Rat	>167 mg/m ³ (4h exposure)
Melamine	LD50 Oral Rat	3,161 mg/kg



Substance	Endpoint	Value
Melamine	LD50 Dermal Rabbit	1,000 mg/kg
Melamine	LD50 Inhalation Rat	3,248 mg/m ³
Paraffin Wax	LD50 Oral Rat	2,000 mg/kg
Paraffin Wax	LD50 Dermal Rabbit	2,000 mg/kg
Paraffin Wax	LD50 Inhalation Rat	5 mg/l

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: As delivered: not classified. For dust/fume from physical alteration: causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation: As delivered: not classified. For dust/fume: may cause an allergy, asthma symptoms, or breathing difficulties if inhaled; may cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified.

Carcinogenicity: As delivered: not classified. For dust/fume: may cause cancer (inhalation).

Substance	IARC Group	Status
Wood dust, all soft and hard woods	1	Known human carcinogen
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	1	Known human carcinogen

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified.

STOT – Single Exposure: As delivered: not classified. For dust/fume: may cause respiratory irritation.

STOT – Repeated Exposure: As delivered: not classified. For dust/fume: causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified.

Chronic Symptoms: Prolonged inhalation of wood dust is known to cause cancer of the respiratory system and lung disease. Repeated or prolonged exposure to titanium dioxide dust via inhalation is suspected of causing cancer of the respiratory tract. Carbon black is classified under the IARC as 2B, “possibly carcinogenic to humans” and under ACGIH as A3 “confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans”.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Ecology – General: Not classified.

Substance	Endpoint	Value
Urea (57-13-6)	LC50 Fish	16,200–18,300 mg/l (96h, <i>Poecilia reticulata</i>)
Urea (57-13-6)	EC50 Crustacea	3,910 mg/l (48h, <i>Daphnia magna</i> , static)



Substance	Endpoint	Value
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	LC50 Fish 1	22.6–25.7 mg/l (96h, Pimephales promelas, flow-through)
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	EC50 Crustacea 1	2 mg/l (48h, Daphnia magna)
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	LC50 Fish 2	1,510 µg/l (96h, Lepomis macrochirus, static)
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	EC50 Crustacea 2	11.3–18 mg/l (48h, Daphnia magna, static)
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	NOEC Chronic Crustacea	1 mg/l
Melamine	EC50 Crustacea	2,000 mg/l (48h, Daphnia magna)
Melamine	EC50 Bacteria	940 mg/l / 4 days (Scenedesmus pannonicus)
Melamine	LC50 Fish	500 mg/l / 48h (Leuciscus idus melanotus, DIN 38412/L20)

12.2 Persistence and Degradability: Not established (medium density fibreboard).

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential: Not established (medium density fibreboard). Urea: BCF Fish <10, log Pow -1.59 (25°C). Formaldehyde: log Pow 0.35 (25°C).

12.4 Mobility in Soil: No additional information available.

12.5 Other Adverse Effects: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, state, and Commonwealth regulations, including relevant Environment Protection Authority (EPA) requirements in the state or territory of disposal.

Ecology – Waste Materials: Avoid unintended release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time this SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time of issue.

14.1 Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code: Not regulated for transport.

14.2 In Accordance with IMDG (Sea): Not regulated for transport.

14.3 In Accordance with IATA (Air): Not regulated for transport.



SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Australian Regulations

This product is regulated under the model Work Health and Safety (WHS) Act and Regulations as adopted in each Australian state and territory, and hazard classification follows the Globally Harmonized System (GHS) as applied under those Regulations.

Substance	Australian Regulatory Status
Wood dust, all soft and hard woods	Hazardous chemical under WHS Regulations — carcinogenicity, respiratory/skin sensitisation, and combustible dust hazard classes apply when processed
Urea (57-13-6)	Listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC), administered by AICIS
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	Listed on the AIIC (AICIS). Subject to the Workplace Exposure Standard in Section 8. Classified Category 1B carcinogen under GHS
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde (9011-05-6)	Listed on the AIIC (AICIS)
Melamine (108-78-1)	Listed on the AIIC (AICIS)

As a manufactured article (finished fibreboard panel) rather than a supplied substance or mixture in its own right, this product is not separately scheduled under the Poisons Standard (SUSMP). Formaldehyde released from the cured resin under normal use is addressed via the Workplace Exposure Standard in Section 8.

15.2 State and Territory Requirements

Hazardous chemical register and labelling requirements apply under the WHS Regulations as adopted in the relevant state or territory of use. Consult your local WHS regulator for jurisdiction-specific requirements.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Preparation (Manufacturer): 19 August 2024 / Revision 5 May 2025 (VRG Dongwha, Version 01)

Date of Australian Adaptation: 17 July 2026

This document has been prepared in accordance with GHS SDS requirements as adapted for Australian Work Health and Safety Regulations. Hazard, composition, and toxicological data are supplied by the manufacturer (VRG Dongwha MDF Joint Stock Company) and reproduced unaltered.

GHS Full Text Phrases

Code	Meaning
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Resp. Sens. 1	Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1



Code	Meaning
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitisation, Category 1
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3, respiratory tract irritation

H-Statement Full Text

Code	Meaning
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H334	May cause an allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H350	May cause cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

This information is based on data supplied by the manufacturer and is intended to describe the product for health, safety, and environmental purposes only. It is not a guarantee of any specific property of the product. It is the user's responsibility to determine suitability for the intended application and to follow all necessary safety precautions and applicable Australian Work Health and Safety requirements.